#### **USER'S MANUAL**



## **DC DIELECTRIC TEST SET - 400P MODEL NUMBER 4160-5**

Version 3.5

Phenix Technologies Inc. 75 Speicher Drive Accident, Maryland 21520

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Rev 2/27/23 CHM

#### INTRODUCTION

The DC HiPot line offered by Phenix Technologies is ruggedly built and suitable for field or lab use. Designed to test electrical switchgear, cables, motors, generators and protective equipment, the DC test set is popular because the equipment is more compact and lighter in weight than comparable AC equipment.

#### **Design and Safety Features**

- Output voltage continuously adjustable to 160kV DC.
- "Zero Start" voltage interlock and external safety interlock.
- ◆ Leakage current measurements available from .01 to 5,000 microamps DC.
- Removable line cord.
- Rotary switch selection simplifies operation.
- Integrated cable storage bin in controls.
- Built in discharge circuit rated at 12 kilojoules.
- ◆ Light weight, portable, with controls enclosed in rugged, high-density polyethylene case.
- ◆ Adjustable overcurrent trip point from 10%-110% of each range.
- ◆ Large, easy to read LCD meters
- Input Circuit Breaker / Power Switch
- ◆ Thermal resettable overload protecting high voltage transformer primary circuits.
- ♦ Very low ripple, <2% RMS ripple at full output (>80 Meg Resistive).

For full detailed specifications see Section 1-1.

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### **DANGER / WARNINGS**



# DANGER

Complete Grounding of this unit is necessary for the safe operation of this equipment. Disconnect inputs before ungrounding this equipment

# DANGER / WARNINGS GENERAL SAFETY PRECAUTIONS



This equipment can produce POTENTIALLY LETHAL VOLTAGES! Improper operation or test practices may result in injury or death to the operator or surrounding personnel.

The operation of High Voltage test equipment should only be performed by personnel familiar with HIGH VOLTAGE testing and safety procedures. The operator of this equipment must be aware of all hazards associated with High Voltage testing. The operator is responsible for himself and others in close proximity of the testing area.

Some General Safety Practices for working with High Voltage Test Equipment have been listed below for your reference.

- Become familiar with your instrument before performing an actual test
- Know your work area, check that all circuits are de-energized and locked out.
- Never work alone; always work with another qualified worker.
- Mark off entire work area with barriers and warning tape.
- Make all personnel aware of your testing activities.
- Be aware of dangerous conditions that may arise from energizing a test specimen.
- Never modify test equipment, modifications to equipment could introduce an unknown hazard or hinder a designed-in safety feature.
- DO NOT operate damaged equipment. Remove power, and do not use the equipment until safe operation can be verified by service-trained personnel.

Phenix Technologies, Inc. assumes no liability for unsafe or improper use of test equipment.

#### **SECTION 1: TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**



#### **Input**

120 VAC 10 Amps or 220 VAC 5 Amps, 50/60 Hz, single phase (refer to Unit Data Tag)

#### **Output Rating** (maximum)

160 kilovolts DC, 5 milliamperes

#### Internal Discharge Capability 12 kilojoules

#### **Duty Cycle**

Continuous - Capacitive Charging

#### **Type of Cooling**

Natural convection

#### **Ripple**

Less than 2 percent, at 160kV, (> 80 Meg Resistive)

#### **Output**

Negative output, positive ground standard. Positive output available by special order. Filtered voltage doubler circuit, equivalent to full wave rectification.

#### **Operating Ambient Temperature**

0 to 35 degrees Celsius

Output Termination: High voltage cable, shield grounded

#### **Metering**

Output Voltmeter: 3 ½ DIGIT LCD, accuracy 0.5% of full scale.

Ranges: 0 to 19.99kV, 0-160.0kV

Output Currentmeter: 3 ½ DIGIT LCD, accuracy 0.5% of full scale.

Ranges of 0 to 19.99µa, 199.9µA, 1.999mA, 5.00mA

#### Size and Weight

Controls: 21.25" W x 16.75" D x 13.75" H; 25\* lbs.

(540 mm W x 426 mm D x 350 mm H; 11.4\* kg)

HV Unit: 18" W x 12.75" D x 27.75" H; 150 lbs.

(457 mm W x 324 mm D x 705 mm H; 68 kg)

Cables: 10 lbs. (4.5kg)

\*For 220 V units: add 10 lbs. (4.5 kg)

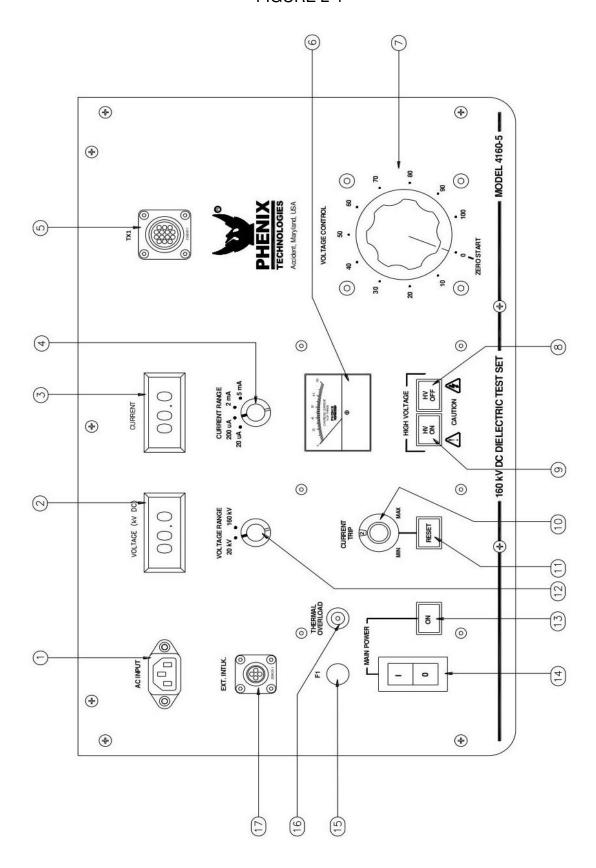
#### **SECTION 2: CONTROLS AND INDICATORS**

Control Unit (Refer to Figure 2-1)

- 1. **AC Power Input**. Connect to a suitable grounded receptacle. See specifications tag on unit for voltage and current requirements.
- 2. Voltmeter. Displays output voltage of test set.
- Currentmeter. Displays current out of high voltage lead or into RTN terminal depending upon mode of measurement.
- 4. **Currentmeter Range Selector**. Rotate to desired range.
- 5. **TX1.** Interconnect cable between controls and HV unit connects here.
- 6. **ANALOG CURRENT INDICATOR.** Meter displays current from 0-100% of range to give visual indications of capacitive charging conditions or to show changing current conditions that are not easily determined from digital meters.
- Output Voltage Control. Turn clockwise to increase output of test set. This control must be in the full
  counterclockwise position (zero start) in order to turn High Voltage On. Under normal circumstances,
  Voltage Control should always be returned to zero and voltage displayed on the voltmeter allowed to
  decay to zero before pressing High Voltage Off.
- 8. High Voltage Off/Ready. Press to turn off high voltage output. Under normal circumstances the voltage control should be returned to zero, and the high voltage allowed to decay near zero before switching High Voltage OFF. CAUTION: Capacitive loads may retain voltage for a short time after high voltage is turned off while the internal circuitry bleeds their charge to ground. High Voltage Off/Ready lamp must be illuminated before High Voltage ON can be activated. Conditions required for illumination are:
  - External Interlock loop must be closed.
  - Overcurrent Trip/Reset circuit must not be tripped. (Push Reset if circuit is tripped)
- 9. **High Voltage On**. Press to turn on high voltage. **Conditions required before high voltage will activate are**:
  - Voltage control at Zero Start
  - External Interlock loop closed.
  - Ready light Illuminated
- 10. Current Trip Adjust. Dial adjusts from 1 to 11 corresponding to approximately 10% to 110% of selected output current range. Current Trip/Reset lamp illuminates and high voltage turns off when output current exceeds setting, causing circuit to trip. Circuit also acts as short circuit and overload protection on high voltage output. To reactivate high voltage, Voltage Control must be returned to zero, and Reset switch must be pressed to clear Current Trip circuit.

- 11. **Reset. Reset** lamp illuminates to show that current trip circuit has tripped. High voltage circuits are deactivated. Momentary **Reset** switch must be pressed to extinguish **Reset** lamp to allow high voltage to be reapplied after returning **Voltage Control** to zero.
- 12. **VOLTMETER RANGE SELECTOR**. Rotate to appropriate setting for test voltage.
- 13. **MAIN POWER INDICATOR.** Lights to indicate that power is available for testing.
- 14. MAIN POWER CIRCUIT BREAKER. Press I to connect power, Press O to disconnect power.
- 15. **F1**. Control Power Fuse
- 16. **THERMAL OVERLOAD.** Circuit breaker protects primary of high voltage transformer. If circuit breaker trips, turn **High Voltage Off** and return **Voltage Control** knob to zero before resetting.
- 17. **External Interlock**. If desired, remove jumper from connector and replace with cable connected to contact(s) that must be maintained closed during testing. Some examples include footswitch, dead man switch, gate interlock, panic button, etc. Only non-energized contact devices may be used. This is a series 120 VAC circuit that must be maintained closed for high voltage to be activated or maintained.

FIGURE 2-1



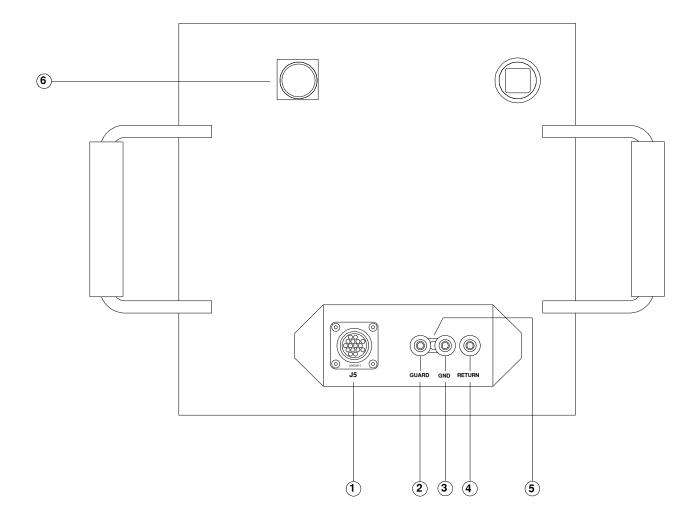
#### High Voltage Unit (Refer to Figure 2-2)

- 1. **TX1**. Interconnect cable from controls connects here.
- 2. **Guard Terminal (GRD)**. Connect to Ground (GND) terminal (#3) for guard mode operation. Connect currents that need to bypass the currentmeter to this point. Low potential side of specimen must be isolated from ground to use this mode.
- 3. Ground Terminal (GND). Connects to Facility Ground. See #2 and #4.
- 4. **Return Terminal (RTN)**. Connect to Ground (GND) terminal (#3) for normal operation. Always connect low side of test specimen to this point. This is the metered connection point for current.

Note: Further explanation of terminals is in Return-Ground-Guard Section 5.

- 5. **Grounding Clip**-The grounding clip must always be connected from the Ground (GND) post to either the Return (RTN) post or the Guard (GRD) post. Do not operate the unit with the clip removed or disconnected.
- 6. **High Voltage Bushing Well**. High voltage output cable connects here. Opposite end attaches to the high potential side of the test specimen.

FIGURE 2-2



#### **SECTION 3: ELECTRICAL SET-UP**

1. Locate the desired location for the test set. Prepare the main power input cable for plugging into the proper facility power (i.e., 120 volts AC or 220 volts AC). Leave plug unconnected at this time.

#### **High Voltage Connection**



#### **WARNING:**

Main Power switch on front panel must be in the OFF (O) position before proceeding. Make sure Test object is de-energized and discharged.

- 1. Place currentmeter in desired mode of operation by connecting the jumper clip between Return (RTN) and Ground (GND) or Guard (GRD) and Ground (GND) binding posts. The normal connection is between Ground and Return. See Section 5 on Return-Ground-Guard for more information on this connection.
- 2. Connect the Ground (GND) connection to facility ground using the ground test lead provided.
- 3. Connect the <u>low</u> potential side of test specimen to terminal labeled Return (RTN). Use red test lead provided.
- 4. Connect the high voltage output cable to HV unit re-entrant bushing and to high potential side of test specimen. Keep shielded part of high voltage cable away from test specimen high voltage points.
- 5. Connect TX1 cable from controls to High Voltage unit
- 6. Connect the input main power cable to appropriate power source. Check Technical Specifications tag on unit, for proper input voltage.
- 7. Read and understand entire operating instructions before applying power.

#### WARNING:

Improper contact with the test leads on this equipment can cause harmful or fatal electrical shock. Do not touch test leads while a test is in process. This equipment should only be operated by someone familiar with high voltage testing and safety procedures.

#### **SECTION 4: OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS**



#### **WARNING**

This equipment should only be operated by personnel familiar with high voltage testing and safety procedures. Improper operation may result in injury or death and can cause damage to the unit or test object.

- 1. Ensure proper electrical set-up has been performed.
- 2. Check that the Voltage Control dial is set to "0" (Zero Start position).
- 3. Select the proper voltmeter range and currentmeter range.

#### **High Voltage Applied**

- 4. Turn on the Control Main Power switch. The Power On lamp will illuminate.
- 5. Momentarily press the HV On pushbutton. The high voltage will be applied to the cable and the HV On switch lamp will illuminate. (Zero Start and External Interlock Loop conditions must be met.)
- With HV On, rotate the Voltage Control dial and watch the Output Voltmeter and Output Currentmeter until desired levels are reached.
  - **NOTE**: When testing samples that are largely capacitive in nature, it may be necessary to place currentmeter range switch in the X1K position. Operator must then slowly raise output watching the currentmeter and allowing the test sample to "charge up".
- 7. Record data, if desired, and lower the Voltage Control to Zero after testing is completed. Use Discharge or Grounding stick to discharge specimen or allow voltage to return to zero. Press HV Off button; high voltage will be shut off and the HV On switch lamp will extinguish and the High Voltage Off/Ready lamp will illuminate.

#### **Overcurrent Failure**

- 8. If an overcurrent situation occurs (output current exceeds Overcurrent Trip set point), the overcurrent relay will activate, deenergizing the test set (High Voltage Off). To regain high voltage the Reset button must be depressed and, the Voltage Control dial must be returned to zero. Press the HV On button momentarily to turn High Voltage back on.
- 9. After all testing is completed; turn off the front panel Main Power switch. Remove the input power cable from the facility power input.
- 10. CAUTION: Make certain that the test specimen is totally discharged and grounded before removing test cables.

#### **OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS**

**Calculating Meg-Ohms:** The Impedance of a test object can be determined by the formula:

V/I=R where voltage in Volts divided by current in Amps equals Resistance in Ohms.

Resistance divided by 1,000,000 then equals Meg-Ohms: R/1,000,000=Meg-Ohms

When voltages are in **Kilovolts** and currents are in **Milliamps**, a more direct method is to directly divide **Kilovolts** by **Milliamps** to obtain the result directly in **Meg-Ohms**.

#### KV/mA=Meg-Ohms

Example: 10kv divided by 2mA equals 5Meg-Ohms

Many times, though, the current will be in micro amps. In this case, micro amps must first be converted to milliamps, or the formula must be changed to accommodate micro amps. Micro amps can be converted to milliamps by dividing by 1,000.

**uA/1,000=mA** Example: **50 uA/1,000=0.05mA**. The result can now be used directly in the above formula. 10kV divided by .05mA equals 200Meg-Ohms

An alternate method is to use the formula; **Kilovolts** divided by **Microamps** multiplied by **1,000** equals **Meg-Ohms**.

#### KV/uA x 1,000=Meg-Ohms

Example: 10kV divided by 50uA times 1,000 equals 200Meg-Ohms

#### **SECTION 5: RETURN-GROUND-GUARD CONNECTIONS**

The unit contains a currentmeter feature useful in measurement of different current sources.

#### 1. **Return Mode (RTN)** (Grounded Return Mode)

This is the standard measurement configuration. The Ground jumper is installed between the Ground (GND) post and the Return (RTN) post. The low potential side of the test specimen is connected to Return. It can initially be isolated from ground or tied to ground. When it is connected to Return in this mode, it will be grounded through the Ground jumper if it was initially isolated from ground.

If the low potential side of the test specimen <u>will not</u> or <u>cannot</u> be isolated from ground, this hookup mode <u>must</u> be used. Any connections made to Guard <u>must</u> be isolated from ground in this mode and will bypass the currentmeter. All currents to Ground and Return will be measured in this mode.

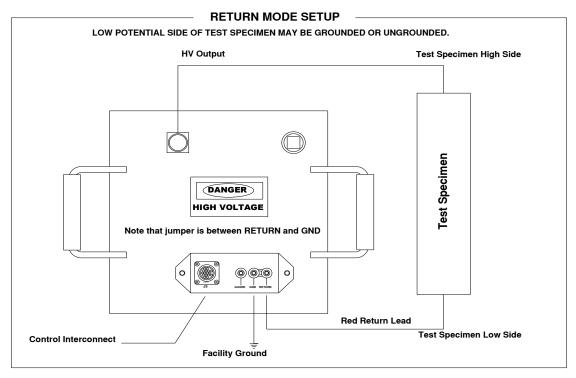
#### 2. Guard Mode

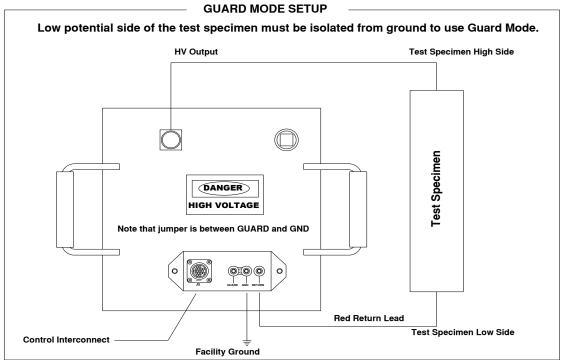
In this mode, the Ground jumper is connected to the Guard post and Ground post. The low potential side of the test specimen <u>must be isolated from ground</u> and connected to the Return post. Only current to the Return post will be measured by the currentmeter. Any stray leakage currents to ground or from sources connected to Guard will bypass the currentmeter and not be measured such as stray leakage currents to ground, stray currents to shields or housings tied to Ground or Guard, etc. In this mode, the low potential side of the specimen must be isolated from ground. If the low side of the specimen can not or will not be isolated from ground, this mode <u>cannot</u> be used to accurately measure current flow.

**NOTE**: Do not operate unit with the ground jumper removed or not connected to either Return or Guard. Make sure the Ground post is connected to a good earth ground. See connection diagrams on next pages (Figures 5-1 and 5-2).

#### **RETURN-GROUND-GUARD CONNECTIONS**

FIGURE 5-1





ATTENTION:

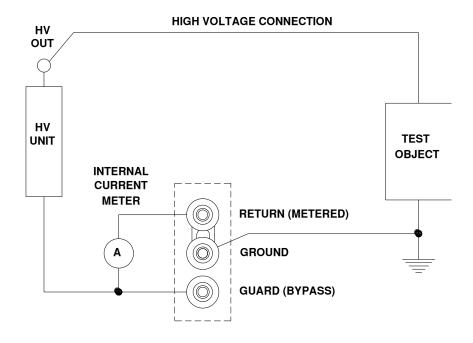
DO NOT OPERATE WITH THE "GUARD GROUND RETURN" JUMPER REMOVED.
JUMPER MUST ALWAYS BE INSTALLED!!!

THE GROUND TERMINAL ON THE HIGH VOLTAGE TANK MUST ALWAYS BE CONNECTED TO A GOOD EARTH GROUND.

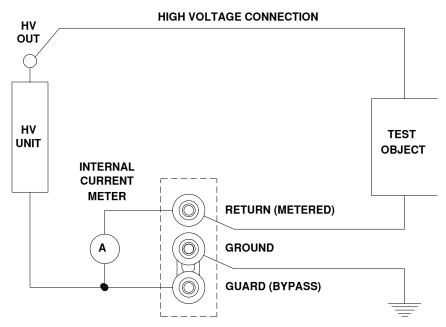
# **RETURN-GROUND-GUARD CONNECTIONS**FIGURE 5-2

#### **Simplified Electrical Diagram**

#### **RETURN MODE (STANDARD MODE)**



#### **GUARD MODE**



#### **SECTION 6: CALIBRATION**



#### **WARNING:**

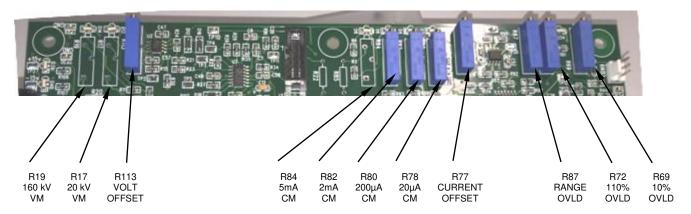
Calibration should be done only by persons familiar with High Voltage testing and safety procedures.

All calibrations have been done at the factory. Periodic calibration of the output voltmeter and output currentmeter should be done annually.

NOTE: Refer to Electrical Diagram Section for schematics pertaining to the model number of your test set.

#### **Locating the Calibration Adjustments**

The calibration points are shown in the following diagram.



#### 1. Output Voltmeter

Connect a precision high voltage voltmeter across the output to ground on 20 kV output, with the Voltage Range switch set to 20 kV. Raise the output to approximately 80% of the output rating. Adjust the reading on the panel meter (M2) by means of potentiometer R17 to a corresponding reading. Repeat procedure with precision high voltage voltmeter connected between the 160 kV output and ground with the Voltage Range switch set to 160 kV. Adjust R19 to match precision voltmeter at 80% of output rating.

#### 2. Output Currentmeter

It is necessary to connect adequately rated High Voltage loads (isolated from ground) to the high voltage unit that will allow each full range current to be drawn at approximately 15% or higher output voltage. This allows sufficient resolution to adjust current levels.

Place Binding Post Configuration in GUARD MODE. (Jumper clip is installed between "GRD" and "GND" posts.)

#### **CALIBRATION**

#### Calibration (Cont'd)

Connect a precision ammeter between the low potential side of the appropriate high voltage load and the "RTN" post. Select the 20 uA meter range. Raise the output to approximately 80% of the range rating. Adjust the reading on the panel meter (M1) by means of potentiometer R78 to a corresponding reading. Repeat for 200 uA, 2 mA and 5 mA ranges adjusting R80, R82 and R84, respectively. (High Voltage load will need to change when changing range).

**NOTE**: An optional method is to use current injection between RTN and GND (Guard Mode). **Do not turn High Voltage on for this method!** 

#### 3. Overcurrent

This calibration should not need adjustment (factory adjusted). If the Overcurrent Circuit is out of calibration, perform the following steps.

- a. With unit off, short the output terminal to ground through an appropriate currentmeter. (A
  High Voltage Load will give better resolution and make calibration easier and more accurate.
  Minimum recommended resistance: 100K ohm, 100 watt.).
- b. Set the Current Trip potentiometer on the front panel to "1" and the current range switch to 5mA.
- c. Turn on HV On and adjust the output current slowly until 10% of rated current (.5mA) is displayed on the currentmeter.
- d. Adjust potentiometer R69 until the Reset lamp illuminates and high voltage is shut off.
- e. Set the Current Trip potentiometer on front panel to "11."
- f. Turn on HV On and adjust the output current slowly until 110% of rated current (5.5mA) is displayed on meter.
- g. Adjust potentiometer R72 until the Overload lamp illuminates and high voltage is shut off.
- h. Repeat steps "b" through "g" as necessary until both settings are calibrated.
- 4. **Range Overcurrent.** R87 sets an overcurrent for the ranges and should be set to trip at approximately 112% of full range current on medium range setting (2mA) with current trip potentiometer set at "11.".

#### 5. Voltage offset adjustment(R113):

The voltage offset should be done with the voltage output lead connected to board ground. This typically can be done by connecting the output to the guard terminal. Once connected the offset should be adjusted till the output meter reads nearest to zero. This offset adjustment should be done before adjustments to the voltage ranges are made. Test point T10 may also be used to make this adjustment.

#### 6. Current offset adjustment(R77):

The current offset should be done with the current input connected to board ground. This typically can be done by placing a jumper from the guard to the return terminal. Once jumped the offset should be adjusted till the output meter reads nearest to zero. This offset adjustment should be done before adjustments to the current ranges are made. Test point T37 may also be used to make this adjustment.

#### **SECTION 7: TROUBLESHOOTING**

#### **General**

If the controls do not operate properly after having been used according to the instructions, the following hints may help.

- Check main facility input power to the test set.
- Check indicating lamps. (Spare lamps are available through Phenix Technologies.)
- Check fuse-F1.
- Check all external plug connections on the test set.

#### **Specific Problems** Refer to appropriate electrical diagrams.

- 1. High Voltage cannot be turned on?
  - Voltage Control dial is not in Zero Start position.
  - External interlock circuit open.
  - Current Trip setting too low or needs reset.
  - Current trip circuit damaged, won't reset, try replacing U13.
  - Faulty HV On switch, faulty HV Off switch.
  - Faulty relay contacts.
- 2. Voltage control inoperable?
  - Tripped or faulty Thermal Overload.
  - High voltage is not on (see number 1 above).
  - Faulty Variable transformer T1.
  - Faulty High Voltage tank assembly.
- 3. Over current inoperable?
  - Faulty U13.
  - Faulty DC Power Supply circuit.
  - Faulty relay contacts.
  - Faulty R7 over current trip potentiometer.
- 4. Currentmeter inoperable?
  - Improper connection of GUARD/GND/RETURN jumper (J1) for mode of operation.
  - Improper connection of test specimen.
  - Meter damaged.
  - Faulty currentmeter range switch SW5.
  - Faulty connection in currentmeter circuit.
  - Faulty DC Power Supply Circuit.
- 5. Voltmeter inoperable?
  - · Meter damaged.
  - No high voltage present at output.
  - Faulty connection in voltmeter circuit.
- 6. No output voltage from high voltage section?
  - Defective metering circuit.
  - No input to voltage regulator section, possible problems with K8 relay or Thermal Overload.
  - High Voltage Cable shorted to shield of cable.
  - Faulty High Voltage Unit.

#### **SECTION 8: STORAGE OF EQUIPMENT**

If the equipment will be stored for a prolonged period, the following precautions are recommended.

- 1. The equipment should be covered and kept in a warm, dry environment (95% maximum humidity, 5 to 30° Celsius).
- 2. In no case should the test unit be stored outdoors (unless previously specified in the original purchase agreement).

#### **SECTION 9: CIRCUIT DIAGRAM SYMBOLS**

#### CIRCUIT DIAGRAM SYMBOLS SYMBOLES POUR SCHEMA DE CIRCUIT SYMBOLE ZU SCHEMA

REF	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	DESCRIPTION	BEMENKUNG
Α	<b>→</b>	Amplifier	Unite d'amplificateur	Verstarker
ARSR	<del>-</del>	Surge Arrestor	Parafoudre	Ueberspannungsableiter
С	*	Capacitor	Condensateur	Kondensator
BSHG	$\dot{\otimes}$	Bushing	Tranversée	Durchfuehoung
С	<b>‡</b>	Electrolytic Capacitor	Condensateur electrol	Eleckrolytik kondensator
F	<b>~</b>	Fuse	Fusible	Sicherung
СТ	$\overline{m}$	Current Transfomer	Transformateur de Courant	Stromtransformer
СВ	$\sim$	Circuit Breaker	Interupteur	Unterbrecher
K	$\sim$	Relay, Contactor	Relais, Contacteur	Relais, Schütz
L	$\overline{m}$	Inductor	Self	Drossel, Spule
МОТ	-DC	Motor	Moteur	Motor
MOV	<u></u>	Movistor	Parafoudre	Movistor
NE	•	Neon	Parafoudre	Ueberspannungsableiter
LP	Ø	Lamp, Indicator	Lampe	Meldeleuchte
R	<del>-</del> ////-	Resistor	Resistance	Widerstand
R	- <b>/</b>	Variable Resisitor	Resistance Variable	Widerstand
Т	<b>***</b>	Transformer	Transformateur	Transformer
тв	0.0	Terminal Block	Borne	Losbare Klemme
X	-<←	Connector	Prise de Courant	Steckverbindung
К	‡	Relay Contact Normally Open	Contact Normalement Ouvert	Schlierskontakt
К	*	Relay Contact Normally Closed	Contact Normalement Ferme	Oeffnungskontakt
К	<b>₹</b>	Changeover Contact	Contact de Changement	Umschaltkontakt
		Shielded Wire	Cable blinde	Abgeschirmetes Kabel
TR	$ \ll $	Transistor	Transisteur	Transistor
M	<u>(()</u> -	Analog Meter	Insrument Analogue	Analog Meter
D	₩-	Diode	Diode	Diode
Z	₩	Zener	Diode Zener	Zener
SCR	₩	Thyristor	Thyristor	Thyristor
sw	1.	Normally Open Maintained Switch	Interrupteur Normalement Maintenu Ouvert	Schrittschalter (Schliesser)
sw		Normally Closed Maintained Switch	Interrupteur Normalement Maintenu Ferme	Schrittshalter (Oeffner)
sw	<u>ال</u>	Normally Closed Momentary Switch	Interrupteur Normalement Ferme Momentanement	Druckschalter (Oeffner)
sw	-	Normally Open Momentary Switch	Interrupteur Normalement Ouvert Momentanement	Druckschalter (Schliesser)
DP	<i>-</i> ∕⁄v–	Current Overload Device	Dispositif De Súr Intensite	UeberstromschutzEinheit

# SECTION 10: RECOMMENDED SPARE PARTS / 4160-5 PARTS LIST

Phenix Technologies recommends that the customer purchase and stock the following parts for normal maintenance of the unit. The recommended quantity should be sufficient to support the unit during normal operation.

If the unit will be operated at an isolated site for an extended period or will be subjected to unusual stresses, a larger quantity of parts should be stocked as spares. In such cases, contact the Service Department at Phenix Technologies for a recommendation.

Current prices may be obtained by contacting the Service Department at Phenix Technologies.

Part Name	Computer <u>Number</u>	Recommended Quantity
Digital Panel Meter, 3 ½ Digit LCD, 2V (M1,2)	1506400	1
Analog 1 ½" Charging Current Meter (M3)	1501016	1
EAO Momentary – 1 POLE Switch (SW 2,3,4)	1860120	1
Limit Switch (SW7)	1866005	1
Fuse, 1 A, 250 V, (F1)	1603601	1
Power Input Cord	1077167	1
Binding Post- RED	1351102	1
Binding Post - GREEN	1351103	1
Binding Post - WHITE	1351104	1
High Voltage Cable Assy.	30070008	1
Return Cable Assy.	30080010	1
Ground Cable Assy.	30080011	1
Interconnect Cable Assembly	30160002	1
LED 24V White	1420163	3
LED 24V Red	1420162	1
LED 24V Green	1420161	1

#### **4160-5 PARTS LIST**

C2, 3       1 u         C5, 6       .03         CABLE-INTERCONNECT       25         CASE       HD         CB1       CIF         CB2       7A         CORD       INF         F1       FUS         TX1       CO         TX1/SX1       CO         K1       RE         K101       RE         LP1 LENS       CLI         LP2 LENS       LEI         LP3 LENS       LEI         LP4 LENS       LEI         LP1 SOCKET       LAI	CONTROLS  JEF 20V Capacitor  JEF 50V Capacitor  JEF 50V Capacitor  JEF 630V Capacitor	2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1096510 1094051 1093300 30160002 2100507 1601314 1601420 1077167 1603601 1603920 1151156 1151174 1700610 1701033 1422153
C2, 3       1 u         C5, 6       .03         CABLE-INTERCONNECT       25         CASE       HD         CB1       CIF         CB2       7A         CORD       INF         F1       FUS         TX1       CO         TX1/SX1       CO         K1       RE         K101       RE         LP1 LENS       CLI         LP2 LENS       LEI         LP3 LENS       LEI         LP4 LENS       LEI         LP1 SOCKET       LAI	JF 20V Capacitor JF 50V Capacitor JF 50V Capacitor JF 630V Capacitor JF INTERCONNECT CABLE ASSY. JO POLY CASE	2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 7 1	1094051 1093300 30160002 2100507 1601314 1601420 1077167 1603601 1603920 1151156 1151174 1700610 1701033
C2, 3       1 u         C5, 6       .03         CABLE-INTERCONNECT       25         CASE       HD         CB1       CIF         CB2       7A         CORD       INF         F1       FUS         TX1       CO         TX1/SX1       CO         K1       RE         K101       RE         LP1 LENS       CLI         LP2 LENS       LEI         LP3 LENS       LEI         LP4 LENS       LEI         LP1 SOCKET       LAI	F 50V Capacitor 3 uF 630v Capacitor FT. INTERCONNECT CABLE ASSY. D POLY CASE RCUIT BREAKER, 10 AMP, 2-POLE PUSHBUTTON THERMAL OVERLOAD PUT POWER CORD SE, 1 AMP SE HOLDER DNNECTOR, 14 POS DNTACT PINS, FEMALE SLAY-3 POLE 120 VAC COIL SLAY – 2 POLE12 VDC COIL EAR LENS EAO NS, RED EAO NS, GREEN EAO	2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 7 1	1094051 1093300 30160002 2100507 1601314 1601420 1077167 1603601 1603920 1151156 1151174 1700610 1701033
C5, 6       .03         CABLE-INTERCONNECT       25         CASE       HD         CB1       CIF         CB2       7A         CORD       INF         F1       FUS         TX1       CO         TX1/SX1       CO         K1       RE         K101       RE         LP1 LENS       CLI         LP2 LENS       LEI         LP3 LENS       LEI         LP4 LENS       LEI         LP1 SOCKET       LAI	3 uF 630v Capacitor FT. INTERCONNECT CABLE ASSY. POLY CASE RCUIT BREAKER, 10 AMP, 2-POLE PUSHBUTTON THERMAL OVERLOAD PUT POWER CORD SE, 1 AMP SE HOLDER PONNECTOR, 14 POS PONTACT PINS, FEMALE SLAY-3 POLE 120 VAC COIL SLAY – 2 POLE12 VDC COIL EAR LENS EAO NS, RED EAO NS, GREEN EAO	2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 7 1	1093300 30160002 2100507 1601314 1601420 1077167 1603601 1603920 1151156 1151174 1700610 1701033
CABLE-INTERCONNECT         25           CASE         HD           CB1         CIF           CB2         7A           CORD         INF           F1         FUS           TX1         CO           TX1/SX1         CO           K1         RE           K101         RE           LP1 LENS         CLI           LP2 LENS         LEI           LP3 LENS         LEI           LP4 LENS         LEI           LP1 SOCKET         LAI	FT. INTERCONNECT CABLE ASSY. POLY CASE RCUIT BREAKER, 10 AMP, 2-POLE PUSHBUTTON THERMAL OVERLOAD PUT POWER CORD SE, 1 AMP SE HOLDER PONNECTOR, 14 POS PONTACT PINS, FEMALE FLAY-3 POLE 120 VAC COIL FLAY - 2 POLE12 VDC COIL FLAR LENS EAO NS, RED EAO NS, GREEN EAO	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 7 1	30160002 2100507 1601314 1601420 1077167 1603601 1603920 1151156 1151174 1700610 1701033
CASE         HD           CB1         CIF           CB2         7A           CORD         INF           F1         FU           F1         FU           TX1         CO           TX1/SX1         CO           K1         RE           K101         RE           LP1 LENS         CLI           LP2 LENS         LEI           LP3 LENS         LEI           LP4 LENS         LEI           LP1 SOCKET         LAI	POLY CASE RCUIT BREAKER, 10 AMP, 2-POLE PUSHBUTTON THERMAL OVERLOAD PUT POWER CORD SE, 1 AMP SE HOLDER ONNECTOR, 14 POS ONTACT PINS, FEMALE ELAY-3 POLE 120 VAC COIL ELAY – 2 POLE12 VDC COIL EAR LENS EAO NS, RED EAO NS, GREEN EAO	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 7 1	2100507 1601314 1601420 1077167 1603601 1603920 1151156 1151174 1700610 1701033
CB1         CIF           CB2         7A           CORD         INF           F1         FUS           F1         FUS           TX1         CO           TX1/SX1         CO           K1         RE           K101         RE           LP1 LENS         CLI           LP2 LENS         LEN           LP3 LENS         LEN           LP4 LENS         LEN           LP4 LENS         LEN           LP1 SOCKET         LAN	RCUIT BREAKER, 10 AMP, 2-POLE PUSHBUTTON THERMAL OVERLOAD PUT POWER CORD SE, 1 AMP SE HOLDER DINNECTOR, 14 POS DINTACT PINS, FEMALE ELAY-3 POLE 120 VAC COIL ELAY – 2 POLE12 VDC COIL EAR LENS EAO NS, RED EAO NS, GREEN EAO	1 1 1 1 1 7 1 1	1601314 1601420 1077167 1603601 1603920 1151156 1151174 1700610 1701033
CB2       7A         CORD       INF         F1       FUS         F1       FUS         TX1       CO         TX1/SX1       CO         K1       RE         K101       RE         LP1 LENS       CLI         LP2 LENS       LEI         LP3 LENS       LEI         LP4 LENS       LEI         LP1 SOCKET       LAI	PUSHBUTTON THERMAL OVERLOAD PUT POWER CORD SE, 1 AMP SE HOLDER DINNECTOR, 14 POS DINTACT PINS, FEMALE SLAY-3 POLE 120 VAC COIL SLAY – 2 POLE12 VDC COIL EAR LENS EAO NS, RED EAO NS, GREEN EAO	1 1 1 1 1 7 1 1	1601420 1077167 1603601 1603920 1151156 1151174 1700610 1701033
CORD         INF           F1         FUS           F1         FUS           TX1         CO           TX1/SX1         CO           K1         RE           K101         RE           LP1 LENS         CLI           LP2 LENS         LEI           LP3 LENS         LEI           LP4 LENS         LEI           LP1 SOCKET         LAI	PUT POWER CORD SE, 1 AMP SE HOLDER ONNECTOR, 14 POS ONTACT PINS, FEMALE SLAY-3 POLE 120 VAC COIL SLAY – 2 POLE12 VDC COIL EAR LENS EAO NS, RED EAO NS, GREEN EAO	1 1 1 1 7 1 1	1077167 1603601 1603920 1151156 1151174 1700610 1701033
F1       FUS         F1       FUS         TX1       CO         TX1/SX1       CO         K1       RE         K101       RE         LP1 LENS       CLI         LP2 LENS       LEI         LP3 LENS       LEI         LP4 LENS       LEI         LP1 SOCKET       LAI	SE, 1 AMP SE HOLDER ONNECTOR, 14 POS ONTACT PINS, FEMALE ELAY-3 POLE 120 VAC COIL ELAY – 2 POLE12 VDC COIL EAR LENS EAO NS, RED EAO NS, GREEN EAO	1 1 7 1 1	1603601 1603920 1151156 1151174 1700610 1701033
F1       FUS         TX1       CO         TX1/SX1       CO         K1       RE         K101       RE         LP1 LENS       CLI         LP2 LENS       LEI         LP3 LENS       LEI         LP4 LENS       LEI         LP1 SOCKET       LAI	SE HOLDER ONNECTOR, 14 POS ONTACT PINS, FEMALE ELAY-3 POLE 120 VAC COIL ELAY – 2 POLE12 VDC COIL EAR LENS EAO NS, RED EAO NS, GREEN EAO	1 1 7 1 1	1603920 1151156 1151174 1700610 1701033
TX1         CO           TX1/SX1         CO           K1         RE           K101         RE           LP1 LENS         CLI           LP2 LENS         LEN           LP3 LENS         LEN           LP4 LENS         LEN           LP1 SOCKET         LAN	ONNECTOR, 14 POS ONTACT PINS, FEMALE ELAY-3 POLE 120 VAC COIL ELAY – 2 POLE12 VDC COIL EAR LENS EAO NS, RED EAO NS, GREEN EAO	1 7 1	1151156 1151174 1700610 1701033
TX1/SX1         CO           K1         RE           K101         RE           LP1 LENS         CLI           LP2 LENS         LEN           LP3 LENS         LEN           LP4 LENS         LEN           LP1 SOCKET         LAN	DNTACT PINS, FEMALE LAY-3 POLE 120 VAC COIL LAY – 2 POLE12 VDC COIL EAR LENS EAO NS, RED EAO NS, GREEN EAO	1 1	1151174 1700610 1701033
K1       RE         K101       RE         LP1 LENS       CLI         LP2 LENS       LEN         LP3 LENS       LEN         LP4 LENS       LEN         LP1 SOCKET       LAN	LAY-3 POLE 120 VAC COIL LAY – 2 POLE12 VDC COIL EAR LENS EAO NS, RED EAO NS, GREEN EAO	1 1	1700610 1701033
K101         RE           LP1 LENS         CLI           LP2 LENS         LEN           LP3 LENS         LEN           LP4 LENS         LEN           LP1 SOCKET         LAN	ELAY – 2 POLE12 VDC COIL EAR LENS EAO NS, RED EAO NS, GREEN EAO	1	1701033
LP1 LENS CLI LP2 LENS LEN LP3 LENS LEN LP4 LENS LEN LP1 SOCKET LAN	EAR LENS EAO NS, RED EAO NS, GREEN EAO	1 1 1	
LP2 LENS LENS LP3 LENS LP4 LENS LP1 SOCKET LAN	NS, RED EAO NS, GREEN EAO	1 1	1422153
LP3 LENS LENS LENS LENS LENS LENS LENS LENS	NS, GREEN EAO	1	
LP4 LENS LEN LP1 SOCKET LAN		1	1422150
LP1 SOCKET LAN	NS. BLUE EAO	1 1	1422151
	-, - <del></del>	1	1422148
	MP SOCKET EAO	1	1423300
vv. —	TER-DIGITAL, 3 ½ DIGIT LCD	2	1506400
	TER PROTECTION BOARD ASSY.	2	31138800
	PIN SOCKET CONN.	2	1152152
	RAY RIBBON CABLE 16 S	6FT	1079909
-	TER-ANALOG 1 ½"	1	1501016
	OVISTOR, V130LA10A	1	1606100
	WER INPUT RECEPTACLE	1	1153228
	B1387: 4160-5 METER/OVERLOAD BD	1	31138706
	B 1223 (MTG FOR R1-R5)	1	1112232
	SISTOR, 1.2K OHM, .25W, 1%	1 1	1722048
		+ +	
	SISTOR, 1.2K OHM, .5W, 1%	1 1	1722050
	SISTOR, 3.0K OHM, .25W, 1%	1 1	1722087
	SISTOR, 30K OHM, .25W, 1%	1 1	1722570
	SISTOR, 300K OHM, .5W, 1%	1	1724600
	TENTIOMETER, LINEAR, 10K, 2W	1	1761098
	ACK STATOR	1 1	1355905
	1 NUMBERED DIAL	1	1355910
	ACK KNOB	1	1355101
	OB CAP	1	1355102
	SISTOR, 10K, .5W, 5%	1	1712190
SW1 RO	DLLER CAM MICROSWITCH	1	1866005
SW/LP 2,3,4 SW	/ITCH, PUSHBUTTON, MOMENTARY, 1-POLE	3	1860120
SW5 SW	/ITCH, ROTARY, 3 POLE, 4 POSSH.	1	1863042
SW6 SW	/ITCH, ROTARY, 2 POLE, 2-6POSSH.	1	1863047
SW5, 6 KNOB KN	OB, 1/4"	2	1355310
SW7 SW	VITCH, ROLLER, CAM, ZERO START	1	1866005
	PIN CHASSIS CONNECTOR	1	1151152
	4007 DIODE	4	D2-5
	D 24V RED	1	1420162
	D 24V GREEN	1	1420161
	D 24V WHITE	2	1420163

#### **4160-5 PARTS LIST**

	CONTROLS (cont)	QTY	PART NO.
ITEM	DESCRIPTION		
SX1	4 PIN CABLE CONNECTOR	1	1151162
SX1	CABLE CLAMP	1	1151186
SX1	CONTACT PINS-MALE	2	1151176
T1	VARIABLE TRANSFORMER	1	1890120
T2 (220V ONLY)	STEP DOWN AUTO TRANSFORMER	1	1894433
Z1-4	1.5KE18A TRANSORB	4	1780065
Z10	1.5KE18C TRANSORB	1	1780069

ITEM DESCRIPTION		QTY	PART NO.
HV UNIT			
CAP	HV JACK PROTECTIVE CAP	1	1150968
C11	1uF, 50v	1	1092098
J2	BINDING POST, GREEN	1	1351103
J1	BINDING POST, RED	1	1351104
J3	BINDING POST, WHITE	1	1351102
J1-3	SHORTING BAR	1	1351110
TX1	CHASSIS CONNECTOR	1	1151158
TX1	CONTACT PINS- 20 GA MALE	4	1151170
TX1	CONTACT PINS – 16GA MALE	4	1151172
TX1	PROTECTION COVER	1	1151196
MOV2	MOVISTOR V130LA10A	1	1606100
GND CABLE	20 FT. GROUND CABLE ASSY.	1	30080011
HV CABLE	20 FT. HV CABLE ASSY.	1	30070008
RTN CABLE	20 FT. RED RETURN CABLE ASSY.	1	30080010
SG1-2	90 V SPARK GAP	2	1605110
Z5-6	TRANSZORB 1.5KE18A	2	1780065
Z7-8	1.5 KE18C TRANSORB	2	1780069

FOR INTERNAL TANK PARTS, REFER TO HV UNIT SCHEMATIC

#### **SECTION 11: PARTS ORDERING INFORMATION**

Replacement parts are available from Phenix Technologies, Inc.

Changes to Phenix Technologies' products are sometimes made to accommodate improved components as they become available, and to give you the benefit of the latest technical improvements developed in our Engineering Department. It is, therefore, important when ordering parts to include the serial number of the unit as well as the part number of the replacement part.

When your purchase order is received at our office, a representative of Phenix Technologies will contact you to confirm the current price of the part being ordered. If a part you order has been replaced with a new or improved part, an applications engineer will contact you concerning any change in part number.

Send orders for replacement parts to:

Service Department Phenix Technologies, Inc. 75 Speicher Drive Accident, Maryland 21520

Ph: (301) 746-8118 Fax: (301) 895-5570 E-mail: info@phenixtech.com

#### **SECTION 12: RETURNED MATERIAL**

If for any reason it should become necessary to return this equipment to the factory, the Service Department of Phenix Technologies, Inc. must be given the following information:

Name Plate Information Model Number Serial Number Reason for Return Cause of Defect

If Phenix Technologies, Inc. deems return of the part appropriate, it will then issue an "Authorization for Return."

If return is not deemed advisable, other inspection arrangements will be made.

**NOTE**: Material received at this plant without the proper authorization shall be held as "Customer's Property" with no service until such time as the proper steps have been taken.

Your cooperation is requested in order to ensure prompt service.

#### **SECTION 13: ELECTRICAL DIAGRAMS**

#### <u>Drawing Number</u> <u>Description</u>

9400162 Model Number 4160-5 Electrical Schematic
 8430162 High Voltage Tank Assembly—4160-5

#### **SECTION 14: CUSTOMER COMMENTS / SUGGESTIONS**

Phenix Technologies made significant efforts to ensure that the materials in this Operator's Manual are correct. If there are concerns or comments as you have used this information, Phenix Technologies appreciates any feedback.

Unit Serial Number:

Sect	Page(s)	Comment

Please return to Phenix Technologies, Engineering Department, 75 Speicher Drive, Accident, MD 21520 USA.

Phone: 1 (301) 746-8118, Fax 1 (301) 895-5570 or info@phenixtech.com